

10:30 Introduction & Welcome from Andrea Carpenter 10:35 Presentation from Suzy Glass and Stephanie McMahon 11:00 Panel Discussion & Q&A 11:30 Finish



Δ **AGENDA** 01 HELLO AND WELCOME WHAT IS TRANSITION PLANNING 02 PROJECT AIMS 03 04 WORKSTREAMS 05 TP GUIDANCE 06 TIMELINE PANEL 07 **BRAE**

BUILDING RESILIENCE



"A STRONG TRANSITION PLAN CAN UNLOCK GREATER VALUE AND BUILD RESILIENCE, OPENING YOUR BUSINESS TO A WORLD OF OPPORTUNITY." KPMG
TRANSITION PLANS:
MOVING BEYOND
DISCLOSURE

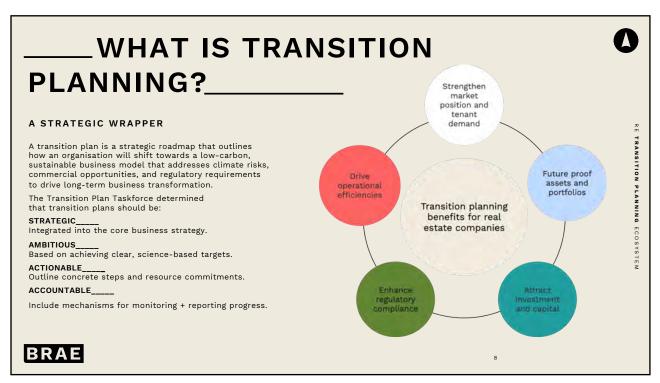
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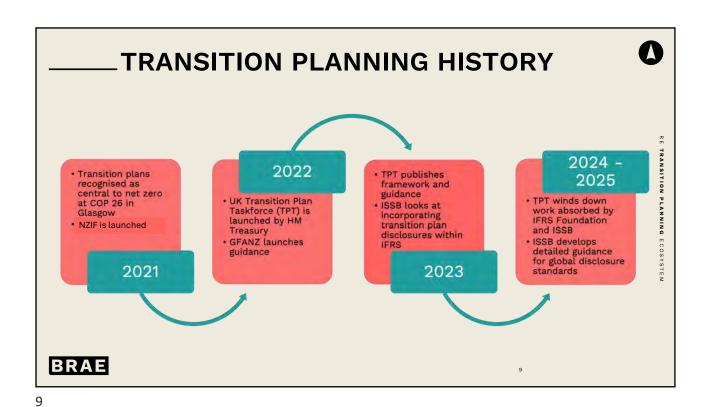
TRANSITION

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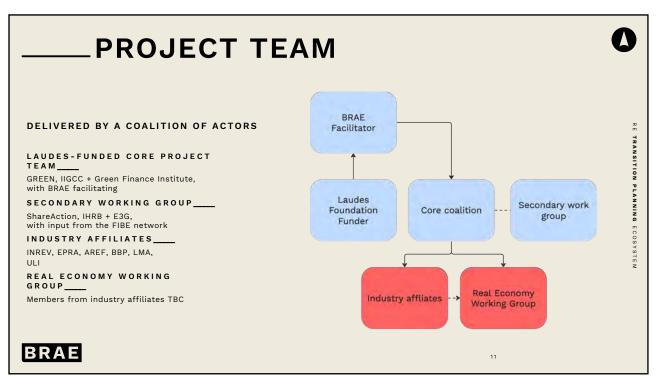
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PROJECT AIMS TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF Transition Plan Taskforce Disclosure CORPORATE TRANSITION PLANNING IN REAL Framework and IIGCC's NZIF). These need re-interpreting into more granular sector-specific guidance for real estate actors. Real estate businesses are increasingly addressing decarbonisation at asset or portfolio level. However, there is limited coherent long-term planning at TO ADDRESS SLOW, PIECEMEAL PROGRESS TOWARDS SUSTAINABILITY corporate level. Transition planning enables the move from commitment to action. GOALS Existing ESG guidance can create confusion and lead to overwhelm and opt-out. This initiative TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF SPECIFIC REAL ESTATE positions just transition planning GUIDANCE as a holistic and strategic wraparound used by companies There are general resources designed to design and manage a fair, inclusive transition. to guide companies to develop high quality transition plans (for example BRAE





RISING STAKES



"WE WANT TO WORK WITH OUR CLIENTS ON THEIR CLIMATE TRANSITIONS. BUT IF THEY'RE NOT DOING ENOUGH AND AREN'T WILLING TO CHANGE, WE'LL CONSIDER ENDING OUR RELATIONSHIP."

ING FIVE THINGS TO KNOW FROM OUR CLIMATE PROGRESS UPDATE 2024

TION PLANNING ECOS

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____THE ROLE OF TRANSITION PLANS

- Progress the industry from product-level innovation to corporate transformation
- Establish decarbonisation and climate strategy as board-level responsibilities
- Act as a shared reference point for stakeholders to assess whether they want to partner with companies
- Shape access to capital and availability of transition finance
- Signal regulatory and market readiness in a changing policy environment



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RE **TRANSITION**GUIDANCE

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RISING STAKES



SECTOR CONTEXT

- Socially embedded with decisions affecting capital flows & communities.
- RE is not an island and may lose agency.
- Entity's unique role(s) & contribution to systemic decarbonisation.
- High-carbon assets transformed, not merely sold off.
- Adaptation & resilience are essential.
- Collective industry planning.
- Avoiding harm physically (e.g. floods) and socially (e.g. displacement or exclusion).

SCOPE

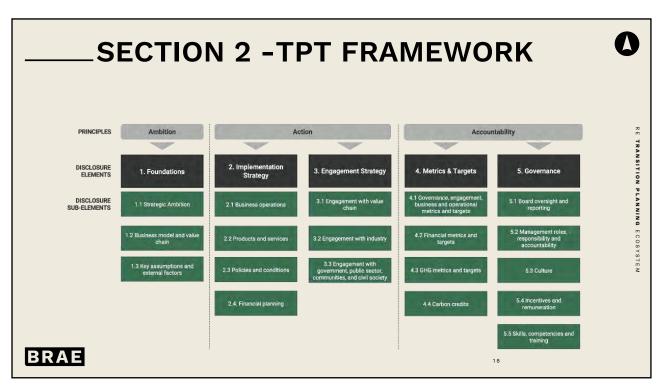
- Institutionally owned, professionally managed commercial real estate sector in Europe and the UK.
- C.60% of the sector privately held.
- Public transparency is limited, yet critical.
- Aggregate-level disclosures may offer a middle ground.
- Multi-asset portfolios, fund structures and interoperability with corporate-level disclosures essential.

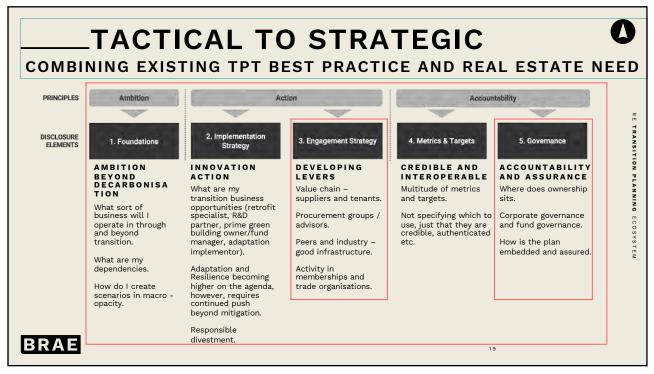
STRATEGIC & ROUNDED

- Three strategic pillars:
 - ___decarbonising the entity
 - ___addressing climate risks/opportunities
 - ___contributing to economy-wide
- Governance must be board-led and integrated with:
 - ___Financial planning
 - ___Macro/dependency-based scenario analysis.
- Engagement across the value chain.
- Plans are live, assessed regularly (if not often) and include doing no harm.

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REAL ECONOMY GROUP #1 ENGAGEMENT



TRANSITION

"SOMETIMES THE LARGEST EMISSIONS AREN'T WHERE WE HAVE THE MOST CONTROL."

WHAT WE MEAN BY ENGAGEMENT

- Value chain (suppliers, contractors, tenants, finance partners, utilities, waste management, etc.) Development AND operational.
- Industry peers (coalitions, knowledge sharing etc.)
- · Government/public sector (policy, just transition).
- Purpose: manage dependencies, leverage partnerships, drive collective action, and achieve corporate transition objectives.

BARRIERS

Capacity and resources to deliver engagement strategies.

Data gaps – where are the highest emissions.

Alignment issues – corporate sustainability goals filtering down to

Fragmentation – suppliers/tenants face overlapping but inconsistent engagement

OPPORTUNITIES

Integrating engagement with other pillars (governance, culture, skills, incentives).

Stronger data-driven prioritisation of tenants/partners.

Designing resilient, future-proof buildings to avoid costly retrofits later.

Coalition building to reduce duplicative demands on suppliers.

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GOVERNANCE COMPLEXITY IN RE

GOVERNANCE

- Real estate governance differs from corporate sectors due to layered structures: asset management, fund management, portfolios, and broader corporates that may only partially focus on real estate.
- · Private markets require different governance levers.

TENSION POINTS

- Asset and fund managers are trained to protect client capital but are being asked to make uncertain decarbonisation investments.
- Leadership must signal support and accept imperfect knowledge to empower managers to act.

EMBEDDING

- Governance must cascade from the board into incentives. recognition, and accountability throughout the organisation.
- Culture is critical: embedding a learning environment and empowering staff builds resilience and credibility in transition plans.
- External pressures (investors, clients, regulators) increasingly shape internal governance, but organisations must balance flexibility with accountability.











